

After Transparency, How to Define Responsible Pricing?

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December 2013

Sign in a pub in Frankfurt Germany





mftransp

Do we really have nontransparent pricing in microfinance?

Here's an example of what a client faces in shopping for a loan

	Zero Interest Loan	Interest and Fees	And Savings	Interest Only
Loan amount:	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Loan term:	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks

	Zero Interest Loan	Interest and Fees	And Savings	Interest Only
Loan amount:	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Loan term:	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks
Interest Rate:	0%			
Upfront fee:	5%			
Savings:	0%			

	Zero Interest Loan	Interest and Fees	And Savings	Interest Only
Loan amount:	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Loan term:	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks
Interest Rate:	0%	15% ("flat")		
Upfront fee:	5%	2%		
Savings:	0%	0%		

	Zero Interest Loan	Interest and Fees	And Savings	Interest Only
Loan amount:	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Loan term:	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks
Interest Rate:	0%	15% ("flat")	12% ("flat")	
Upfront fee:	5%	2%	1%	
Savings:	0%	0%	20%	

	Zero Interest Loan	Interest and Fees	And Savings	Interest Only
Loan amount:	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Loan term Nomi	nal Annual Int	terest Rate	10 weeks	10 weeks
Int			2% ("flat")	36% decl
U	Full APR		1%	0%
Savings.	Full Transparency	= 100	20%	0%
TCC	\$50		\$33	\$38
APR	48%	48%	48%	36%
Transparency Index				

	Zero Interest Loan	Interest and Fees	And Savings	Interest Only
Loan amount:	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Loan term:	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks	10 weeks
Interest Rate:	0%	15% ("flat")	12% ("flat")	36% decl
Upfront fee:	5%	2%	1%	0%
Savings:	0%	0%	20%	0%
TCC	\$50	\$50	\$33	\$38
APR	48%	48%	48%	36%
Transparency Index	0	32	25	100

What Prices Do We Charge?

Cardinal Rule in analyzing microloans: Never use averages

Pricing for Sustainability must address the reality of the COST curve

Efficiency	1	2	3
Operating Cost per Loan			\$50
Loan Size			\$500
Operating Cost Ratio			10%

Efficiency	1	2	3
Operating Cost per Loan			\$50
Loan Size		\$250	\$500
Operating Cost Ratio			10%

Efficiency	1	2	3
Operating Cost per Loan		\$50	\$50
Loan Size		\$250	\$500
Operating Cost Ratio		20%	10%

Efficiency	1	2	3
Operating Cost per Loan		\$50	\$50
Loan Size	\$100	\$250	\$500
Operating Cost Ratio		20%	10%

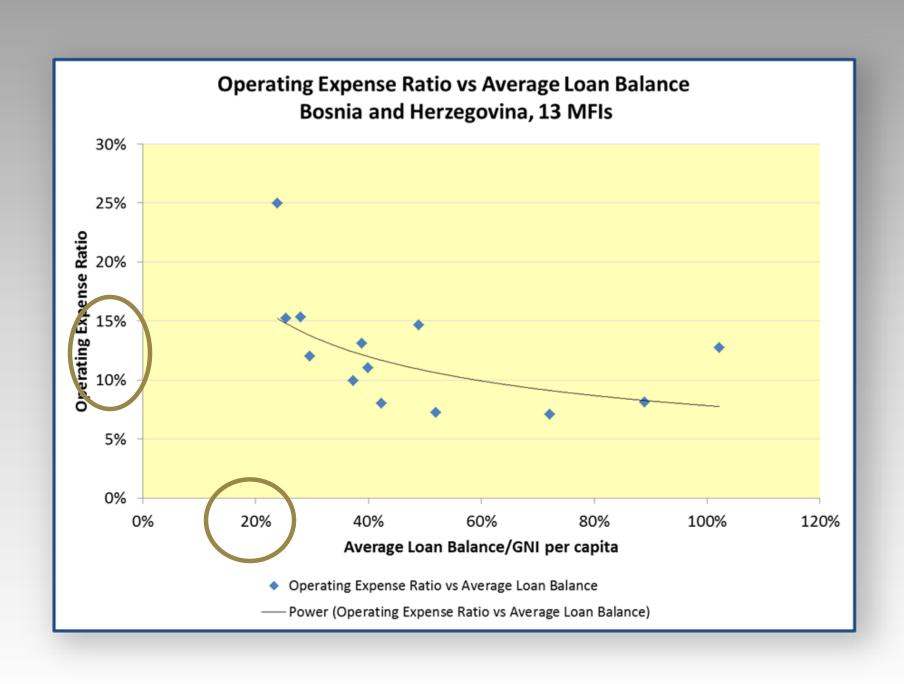
Efficiency	1	2	3
Operating Cost per Loan	\$30	\$50	\$50
Loan Size	\$100	\$250	\$500
Operating Cost Ratio	30%	20%	10%

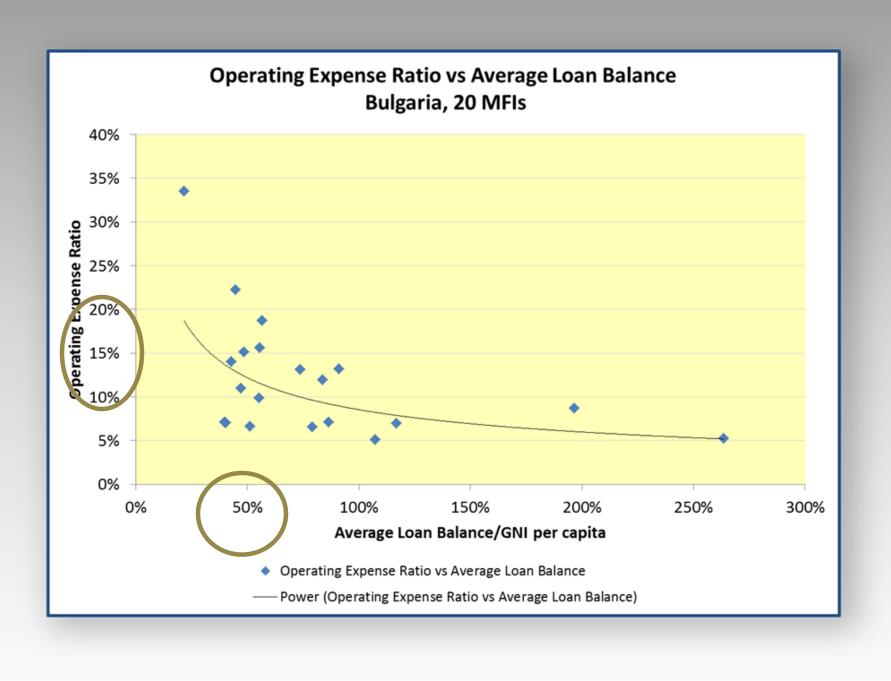
Component	
Financial Costs	10%
Loan Loss	2%
Operating Costs	20%

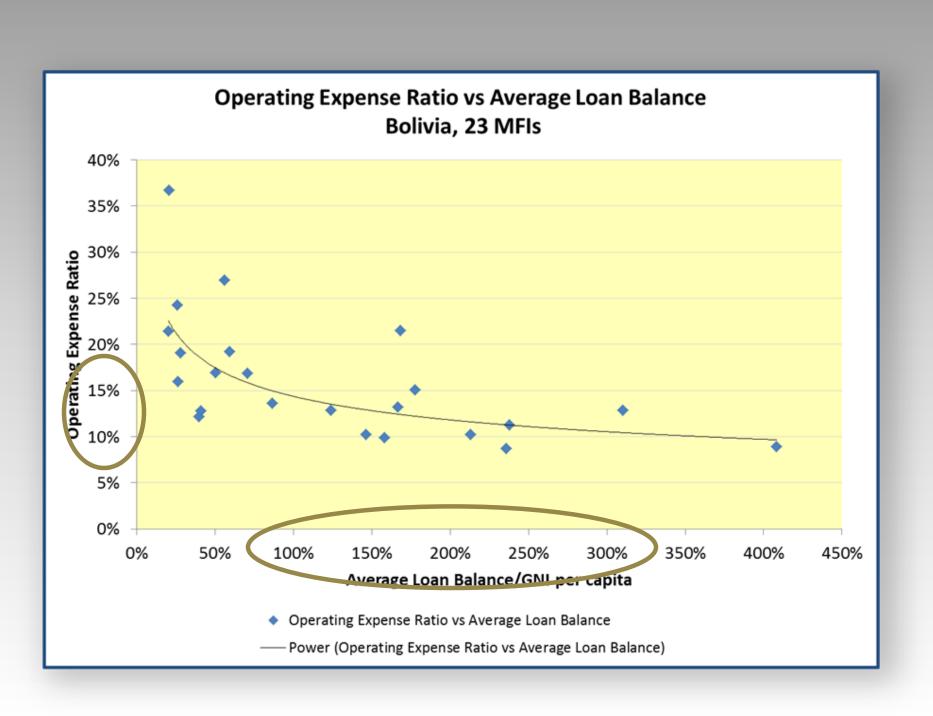
Component	
Financial Costs	10%
Loan Loss	2%
Operating Costs	20%
Profit	3%
Total Price	35%

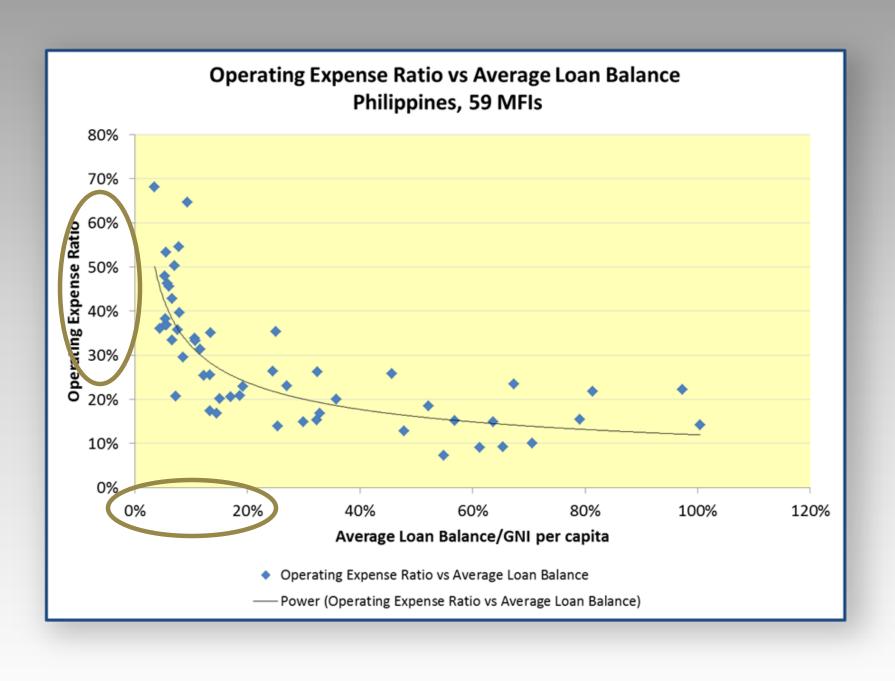
Component	\$1000	\$500
Financial Costs	10%	10%
Loan Loss	2%	2%
Operating Costs	20% _	30%
Profit	3% —	→ 3%
Total Price	35% _	45%

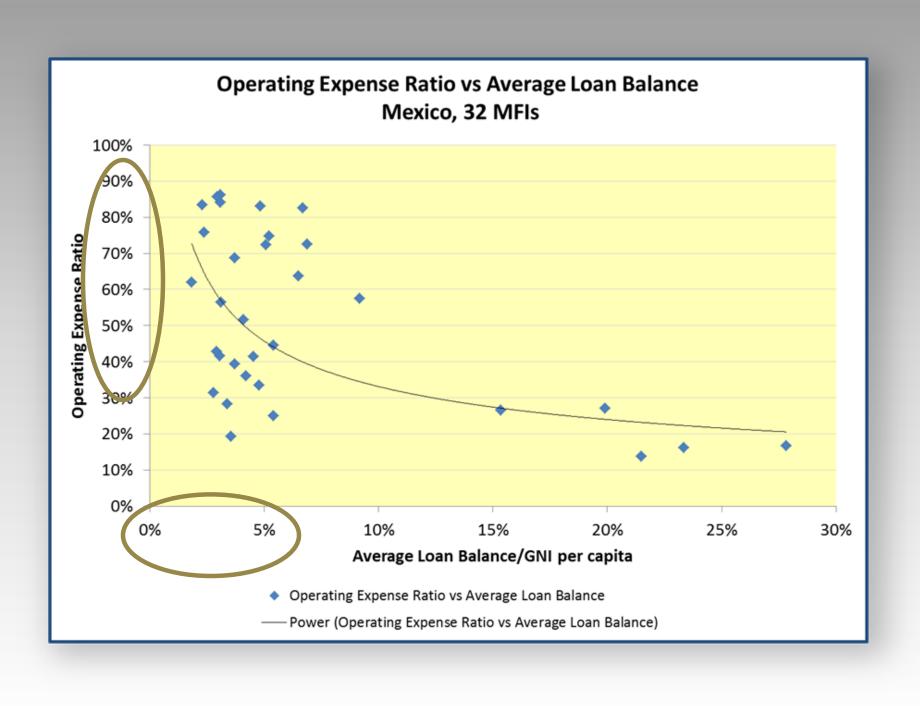
Component	\$1000	\$500	\$1000
Financial Costs	10%	10%	10%
Loan Loss	2%	2%	2%
Operating Costs	20% _	30%	20%
Profit	3%	3%	13 %
Total Price	35%	45%	45%

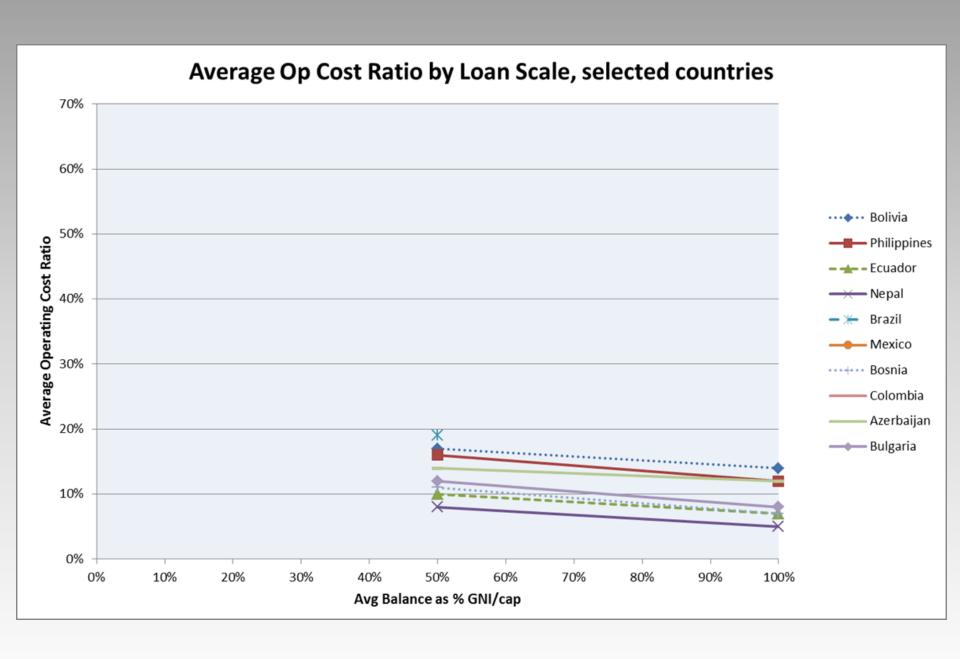


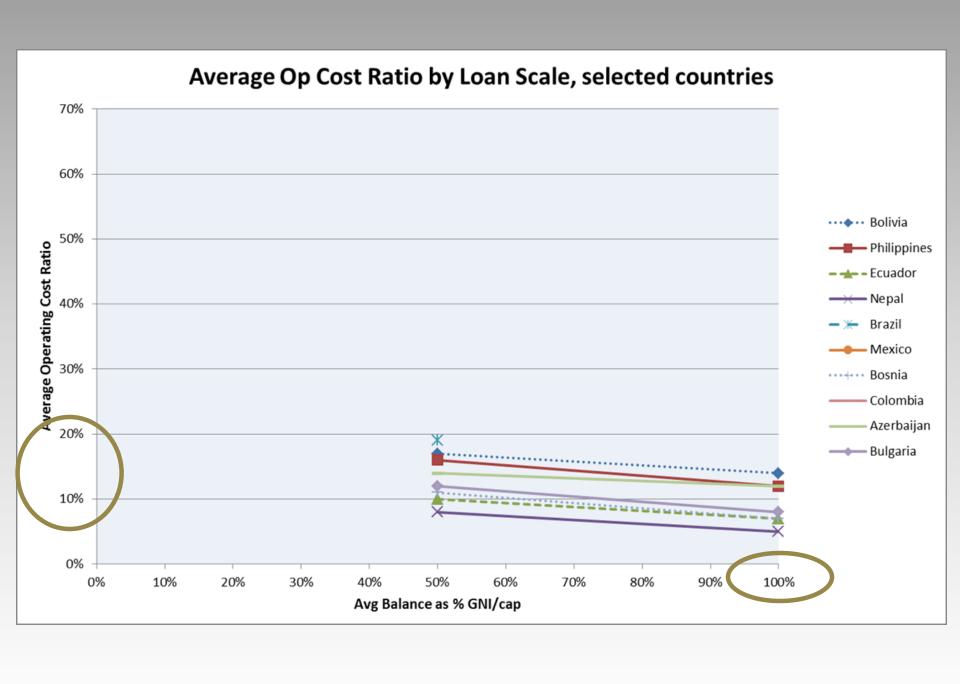


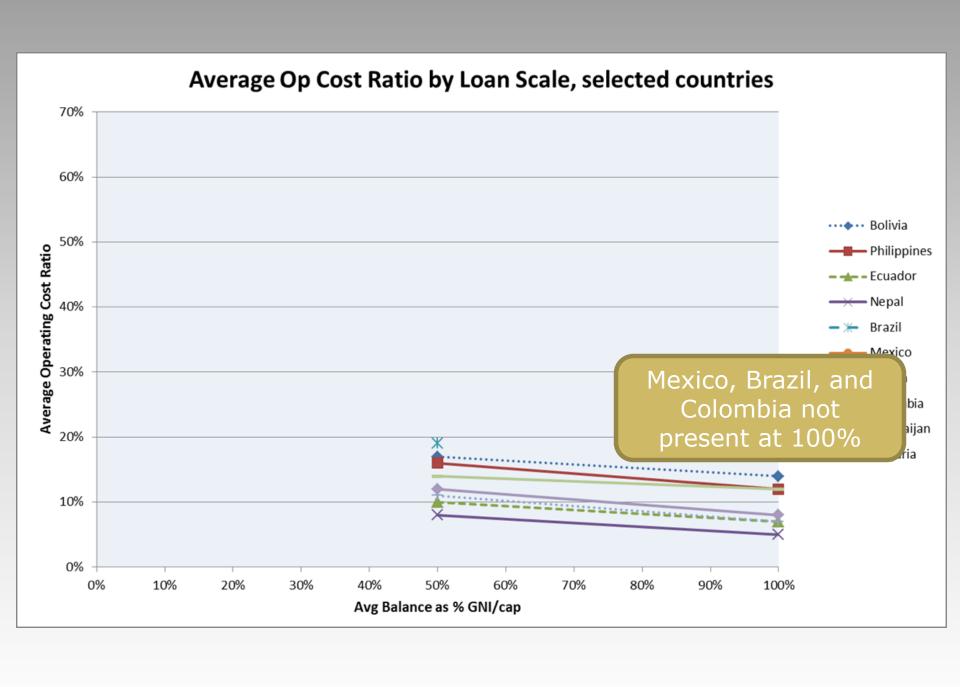


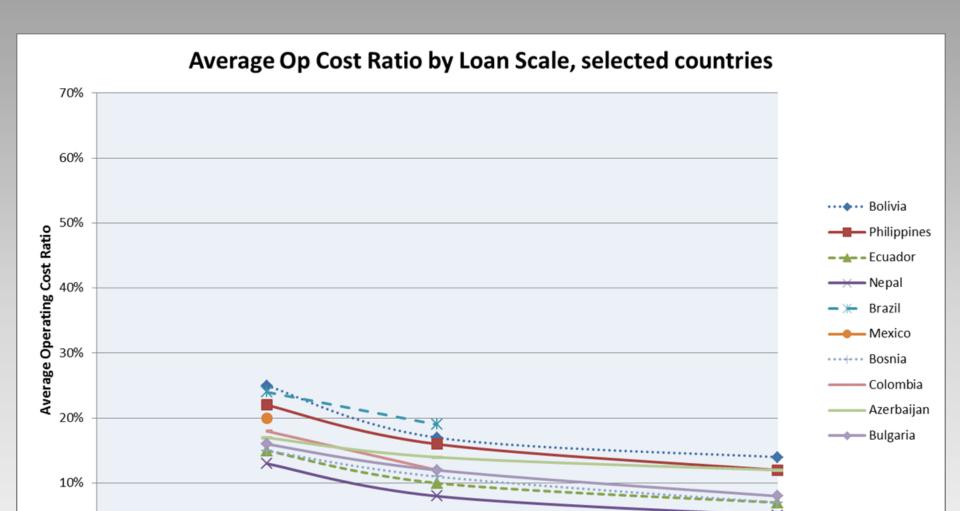












60%

70%

80%

90%

100%

0%

0%

10%

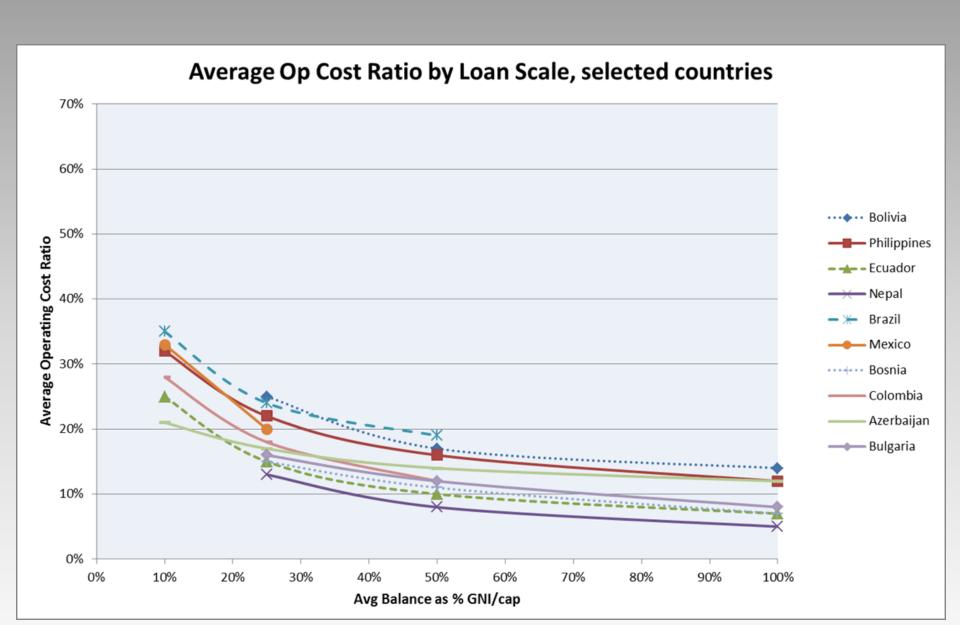
20%

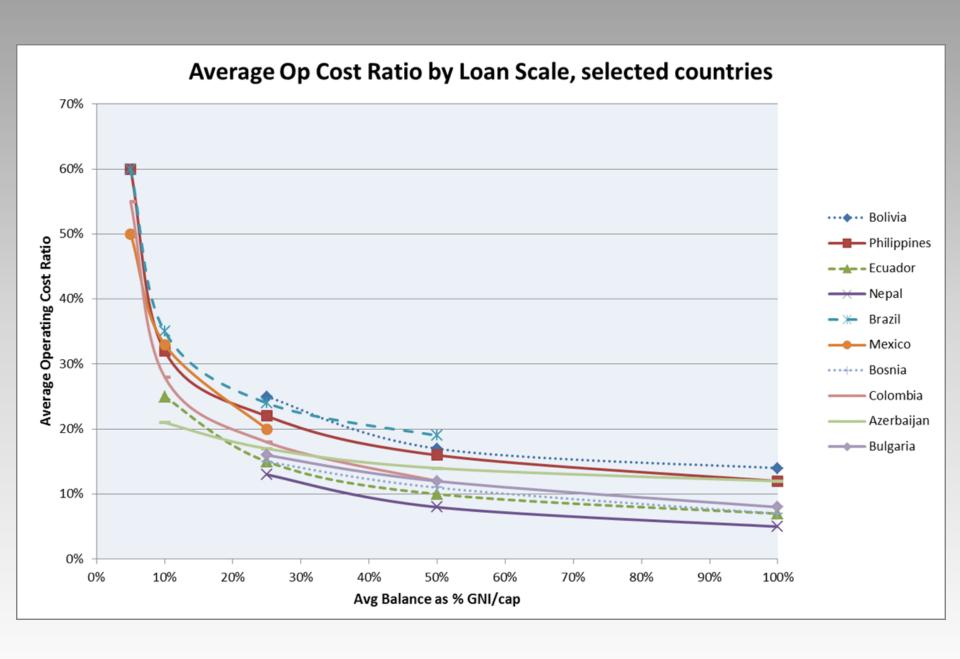
30%

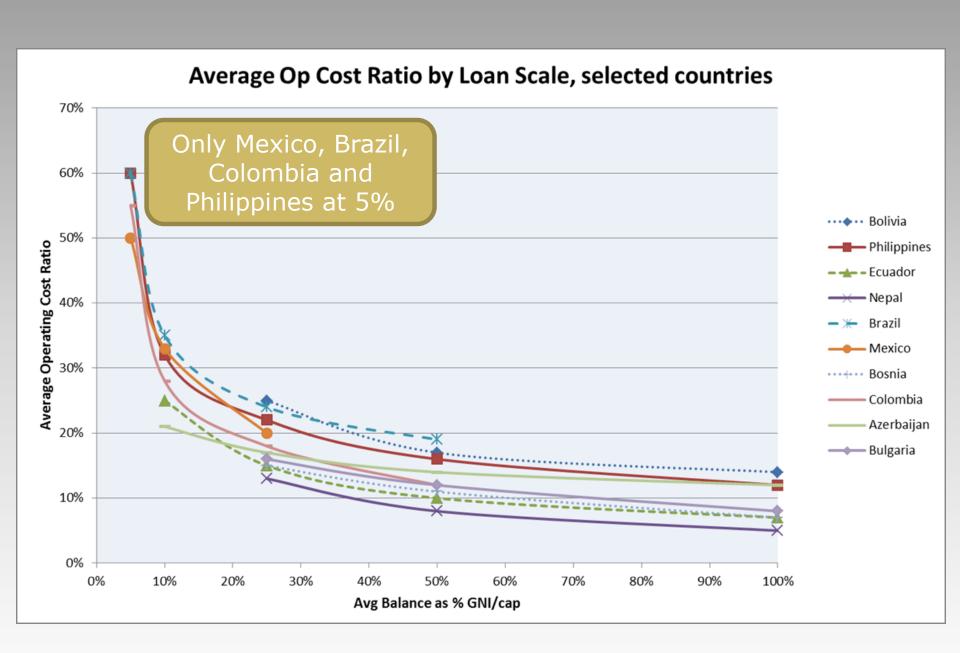
40%

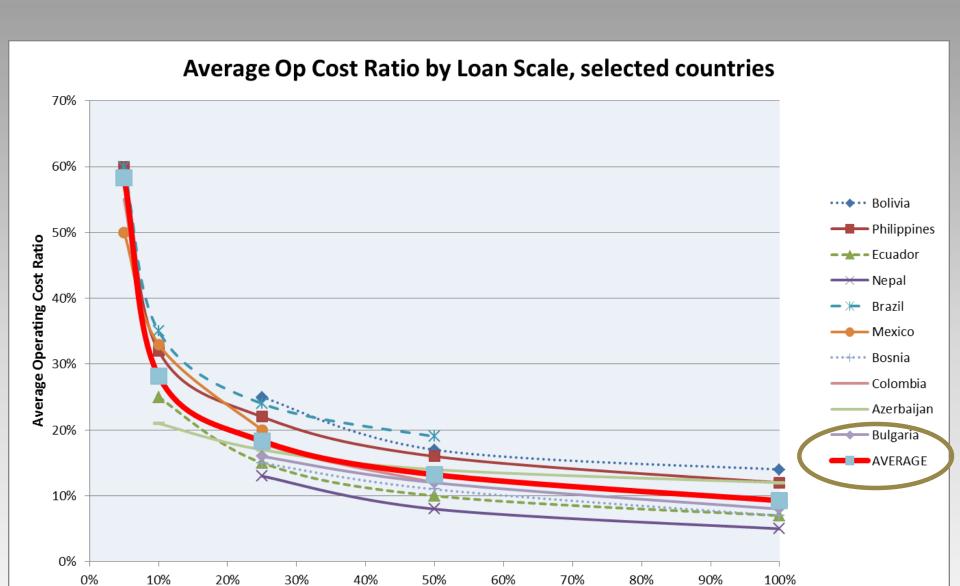
50%

Avg Balance as % GNI/cap



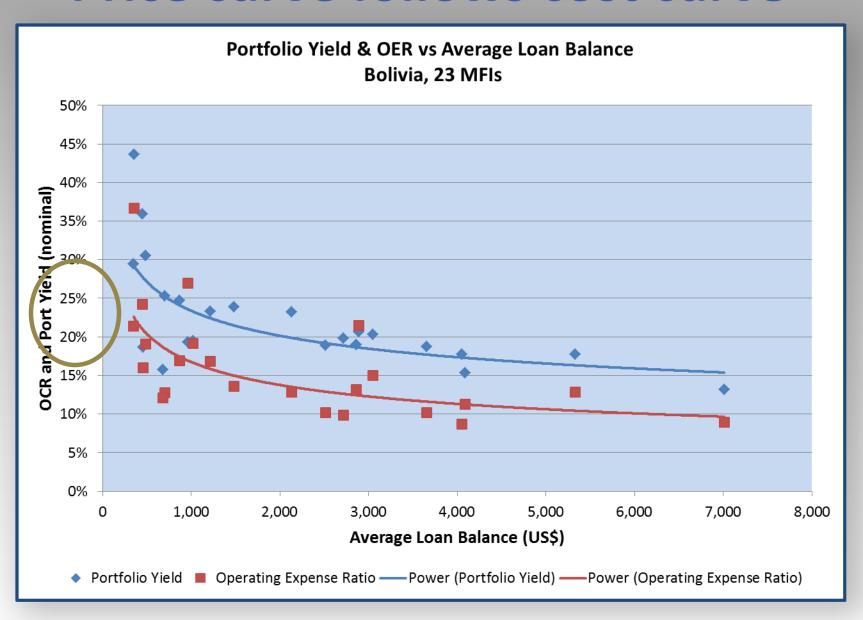




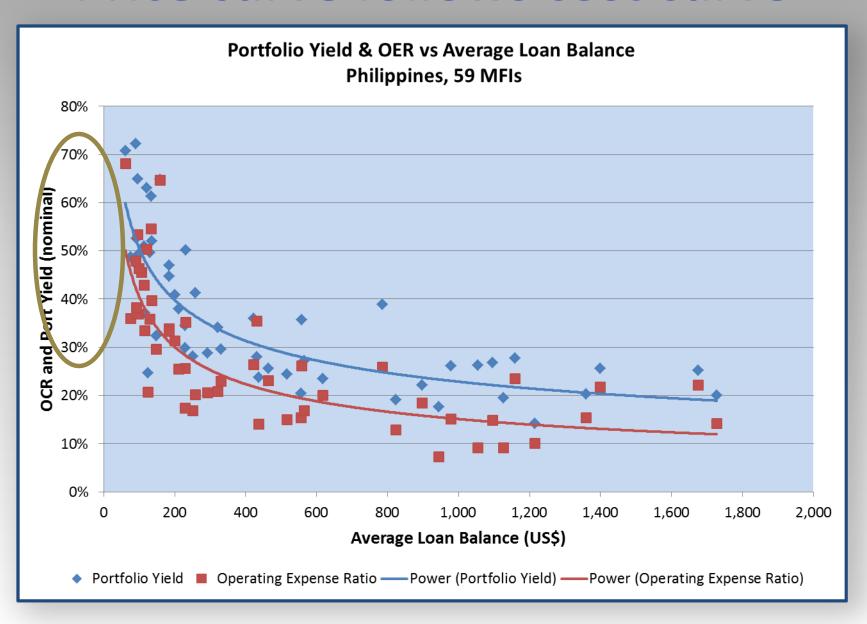


Avg Balance as % GNI/cap

Price curve follows cost curve



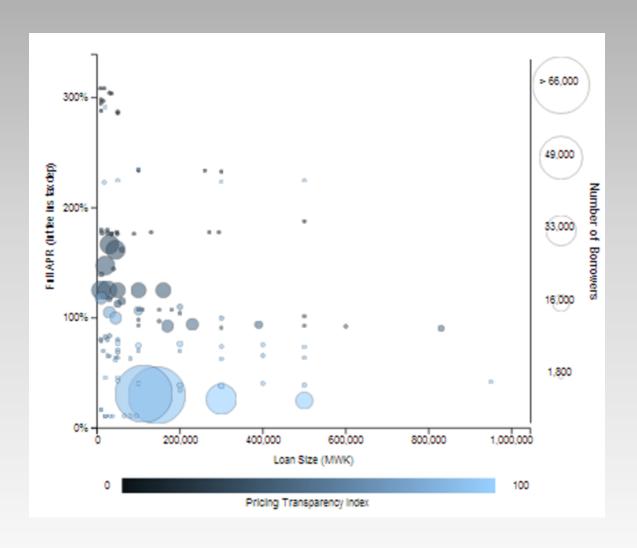
Price curve follows cost curve



A new way to look at the data

- 1. Is an MFI close to the curve in its country for costs?
 For portfolio yield?
- 2. If not, why not?
- 3. What spread has the MFI selected between its costs and the price it has chosen?

The MFT Website has a wealth of information

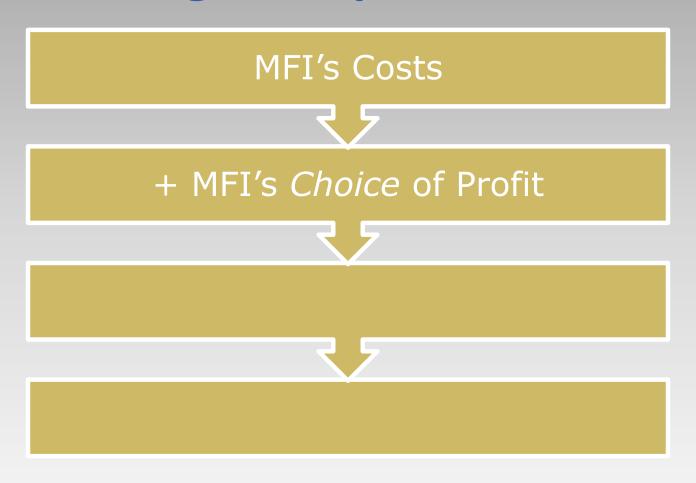


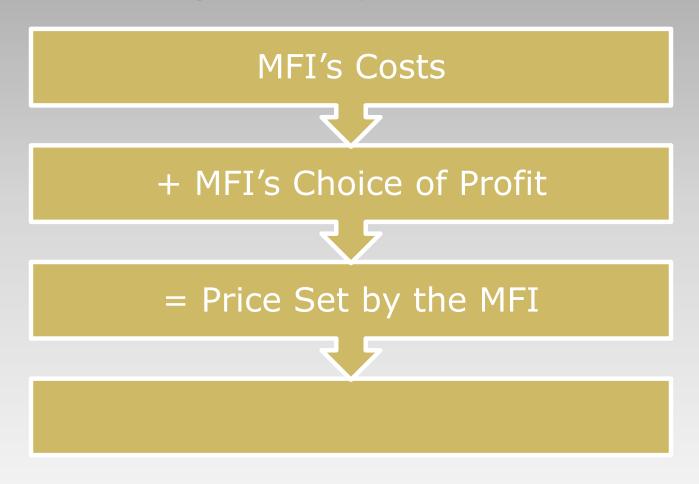
Transparent

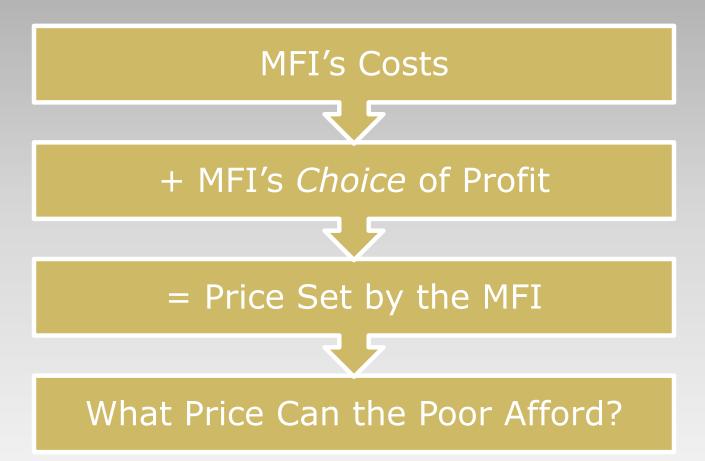
Responsible

- Transparent Prices
 - Now we know more about what prices we are charging
 - We know more about why we charge those prices
- Responsible Prices
 - Now we are moving forward to discussion of what prices we should charge (to support the ideals and values of the microfinance industry)
 - This is arguably the difficult part, the subjective part
 - Should we do it?
 - How would we do it?









MFI's Costs + MFI's Choice of Profit = Price Set by the MFI What Price Can the Poor Afford?

Step 1: Cost Curve and Choice of Profit Level

Step 2: Analysis of current product-level prices

Step 3: Factors influencing client ability to pay

MFI's Costs + MFI's Choice of Profit = Price Set by the MFI What Price Can the Poor Afford?

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Institution

Client

"Responsible" Price "Fair" Price

Institution

Client

"Responsible" Price

Global? Product-level? Client Level?

"Fair" Price

Price of the his/her loan



Institution

Client

"Responsible" Price

Global? Product-level? Client Level?

Bias to consider only MFI's income

"Fair" Price

Price of the his/her loan

Must consider cost from client perspective



Institution

Client

"Responsible" Price

Global? Product-level? Client Level?

Bias to consider only MFI's income

Possible to treat each client fairly?

"Fair" Price

Price of the his/her loan

Must consider cost from client perspective

If client makes informed decision, is it "fair"?



Pricing for Sustainability

Pricing for Profits

A Deeper Discussion of Profitability

The Institution

• Must the institution be profitable?

A Deeper Discussion of Profitability

The Institution

Must the institution be profitable?

Each loan product

- Must each product be profitable?
- Fair for the rich to subsidize the poor?
- Fair for the poor to subsidize the rich?

A Deeper Discussion of Profitability

The Institution

Must the institution be profitable?

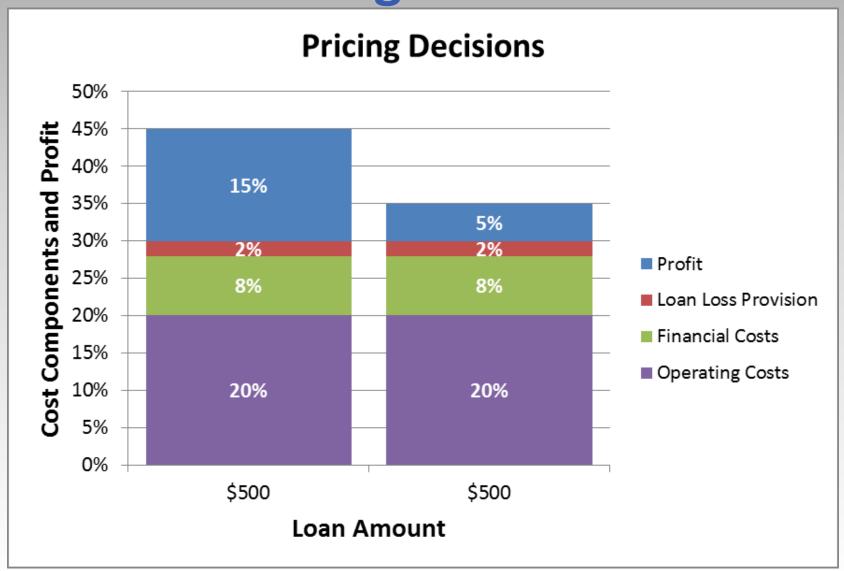
Each loan product

- Must each product be profitable?
- Fair for the rich to subsidize the poor?
- Fair for the poor to subsidize the rich?

Each client within a loan product

- Must each individual loan be profitable?
- Fair for some clients to subsidize others?

The Level of Profit is the *Choice* of Management



If your MFI is new, and your costs are therefore high, is it fair to set a high price and hide it from your clients?

Is it fair to make profits from your \$2000 loans to subsidize your \$200 loans?

If the market is competitive for \$2000 loans, is it fair to make high profits from \$200 loans to subsidize the \$2000 loans?

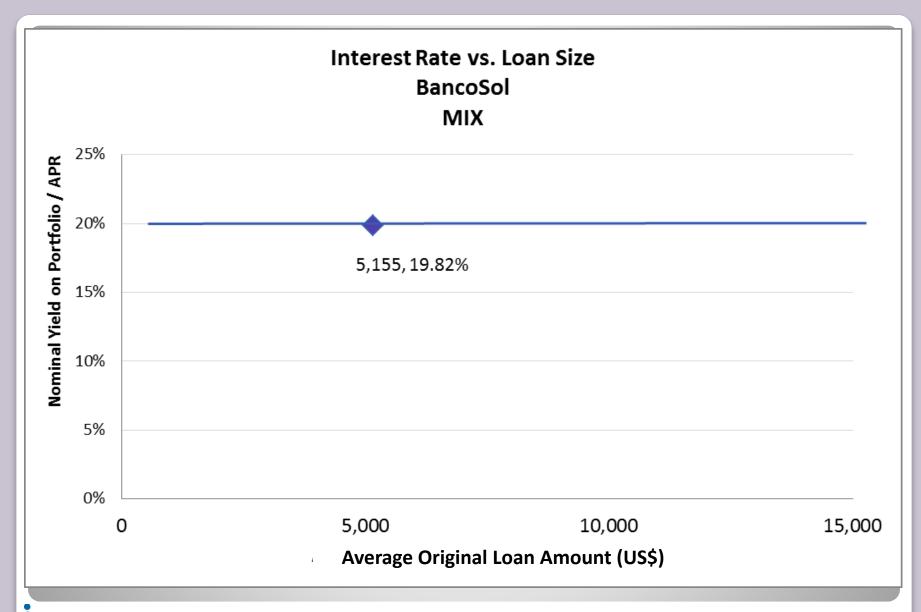
What is the maximum profitability (ROA) that is fair for \$5000 loans?

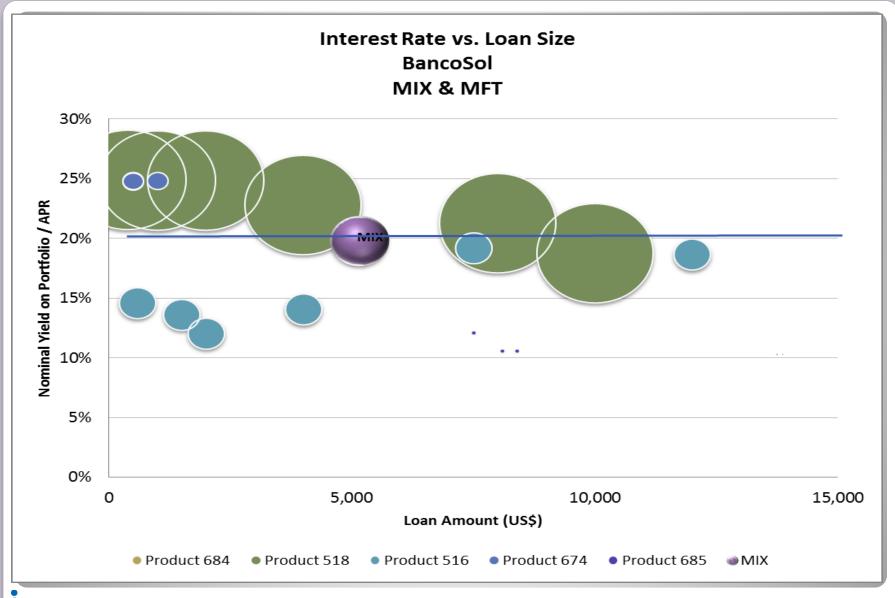
- A) 2%
- B) 5%
- C) 10%
- D) 20%
- E) no limit

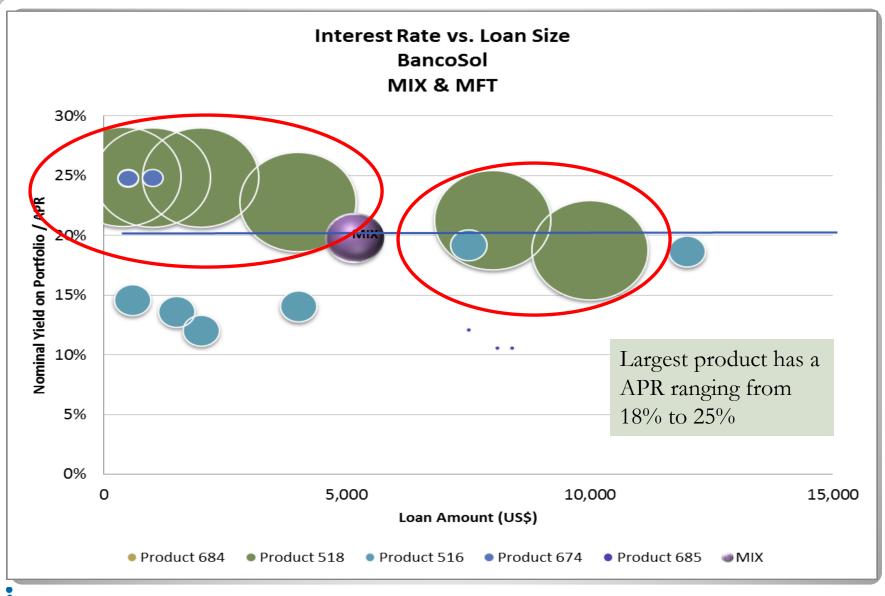
What is the maximum profitability (ROA) that is fair for \$200 loans?

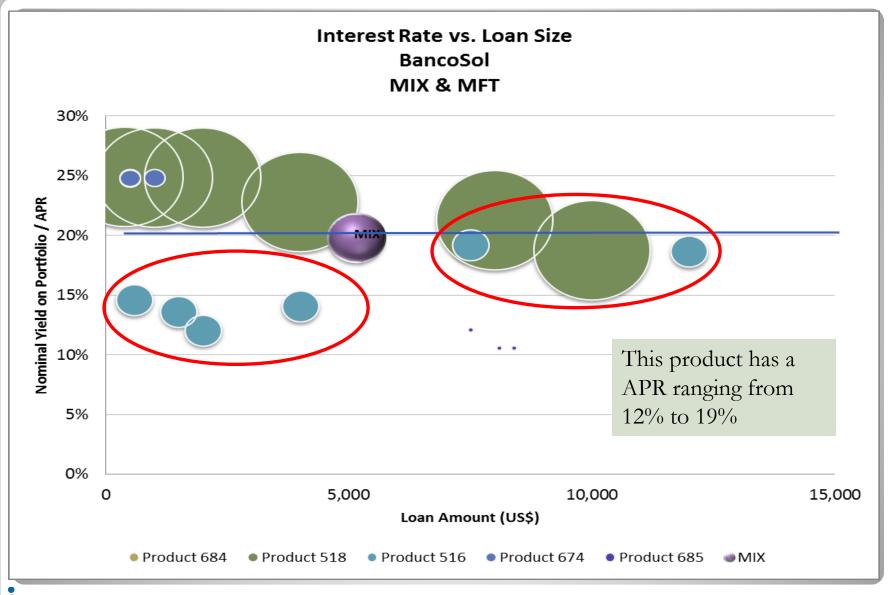
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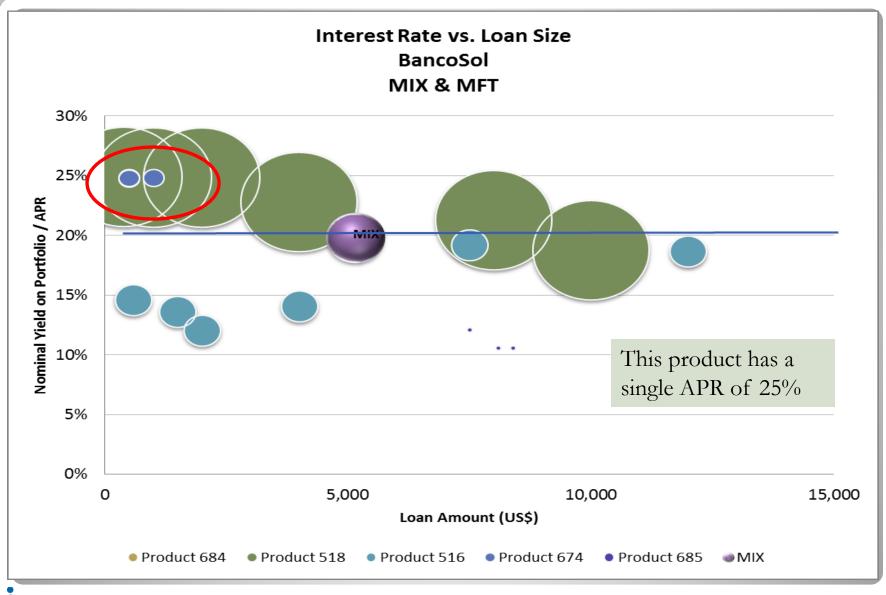


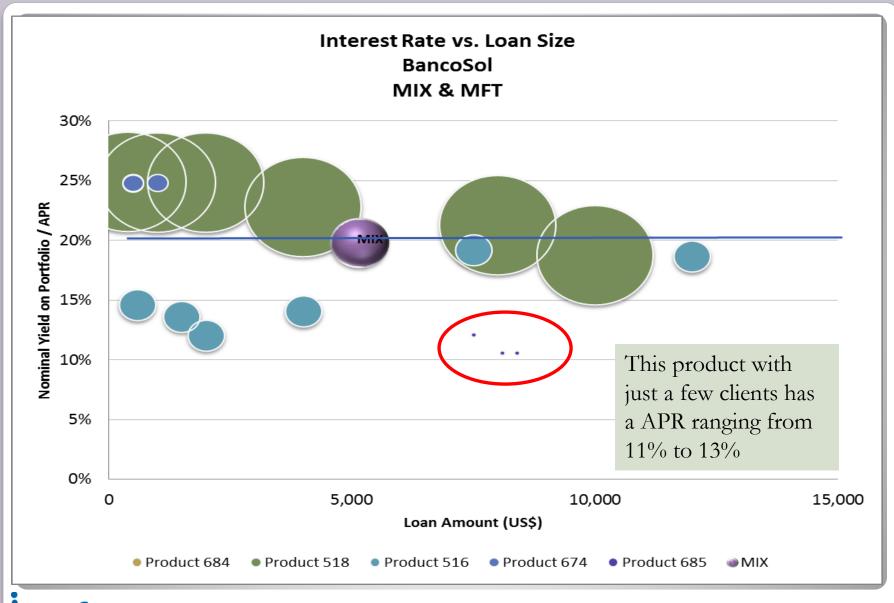


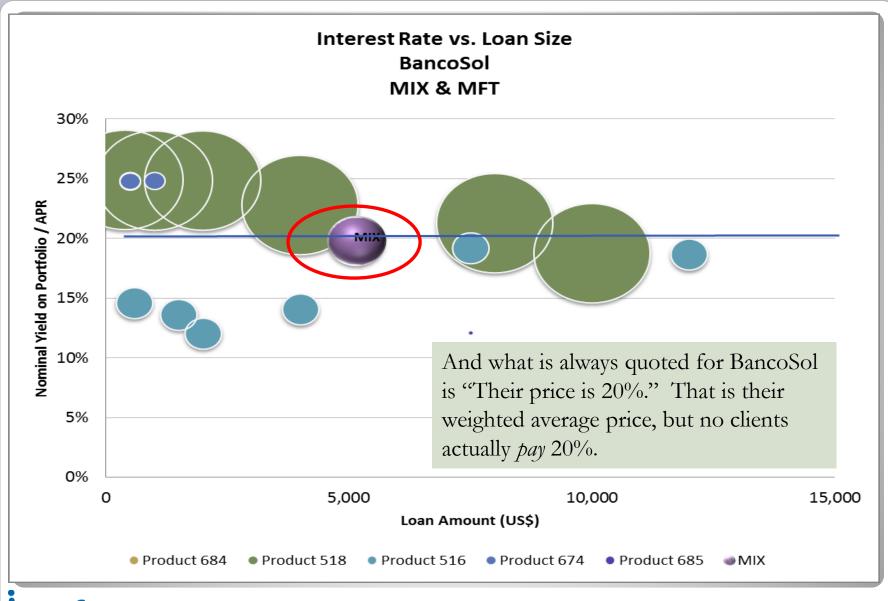






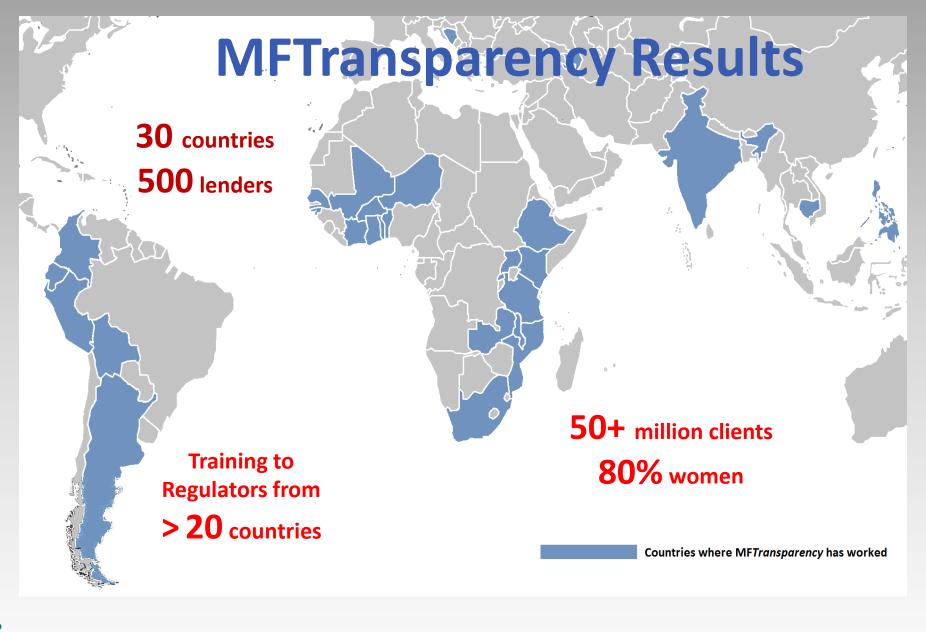




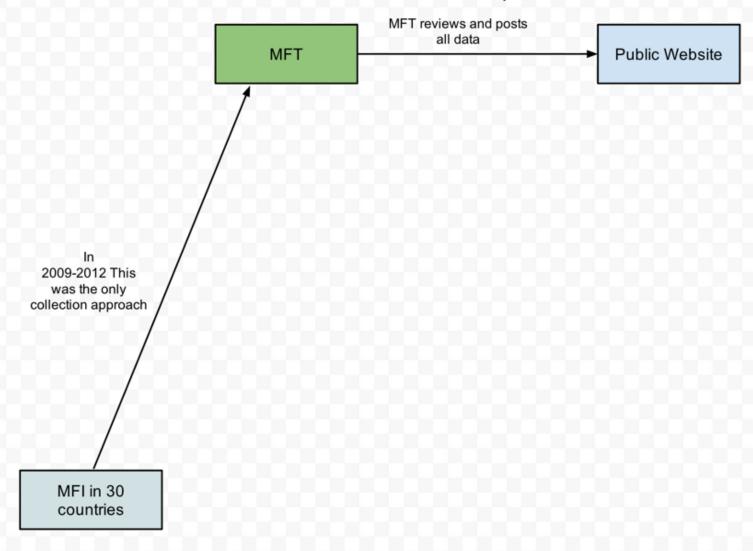


Advancing on the Collection of Pricing Data –

Stakeholder Participation



Data Collection Process, 2009-2012



Data Collection Process With Current Partners, 2012-13

